

GENERAL CARE AND CLEANING

With normal use, our leather requires almost no care. In order to maintain the natural look of leather, simply dust with a dry cloth. Do NOT use polish or cleaners.

ANILINE LEATHERS

Require extra care. If a spill or spot should occur, blot immediately with a clean absorbent cloth or sponge. Do NOT rub the spot with force or pressure. A drop of saddle soap on a damp cloth may remove dirt.

SEMI-ANILINE LEATHERS

Gently blot soiled area with a clean absorbent cloth or sponge. If stain or spill does not disappear, clean by using a circular motion with light to moderate pressure. Do NOT rub with force. If necessary, use a slightly damp cloth with lukewarm water and let air dry. Do NOT use a hair dryer or place near a heater to dry.

DIFFICULT STAINS

Use a mild, non-detergent soap or saddle soap to remove. Apply the soap to a clean sponge or cloth - dampen and wipe the affected area gently. Rinse with lukewarm water and a damp cloth. Allow the leather to air dry.

CAVALLINI (HAIR ON HIDE)

For common spills or soil, soak with a paper towel or clean cloth immediately. Wipe with a clean, absorbent cloth or sponge. The cloth should be damp, not wet. You can use a mild non-detergent soap solution or cleaner such as Ivory Soap. Do not use Ivory liquid because it has a detergent base. Do not wash in washing machine or dry clean. Always allow the hide to air dry.. never dry with a hair dryer. Cleaning chemicals should NOT be used. If necessary, we suggest using a vacuum's soft brush attachment for dust and dirt particles.

SUEDES

Blot spills with a clean, dry cloth and gently brush with a suede brush.

SHEARLINGS

Blot spills with a clean, damp cloth. Do NOT use strong force or friction as this pulls on the hair. For extreme staining, we recommend a local leather cleaning specialist.

NEVER use cleaning solvents, furniture polish, oils, varnish, abrasive cleaners, ammonia water or soap with a detergent base.